



## IB WORLD SCHOOL 1309 (ZSO13 Gdańsk)

#### **English A Literature SL/HL**

#### syllabus & course of study

(based on extracts from Language A guide, first exams 2021)

SL: 4h/week; HL:6h/week

## I Nature of Language A: literature :

Students will focus exclusively on literary texts, adopting a variety of approaches to textual criticism. Students explore the nature of literature, the aesthetic function of literary language and textuality, and the relationship between literature and the world.

## II Distinction between SL and HL

The model for language A: literature is the same at SL and HL but there are significant quantitative and qualitative differences between the levels.

SL students are required to study 9 works, while HL students are required to study 13.

In paper 1, both SL and HL students are presented with two previously unseen literary extracts or texts from different literary forms, each accompanied by a guiding question. SL students are required to write a guided analysis of one of these, while HL students must write guided analyses of both literary extracts or texts.

In addition, HL students will have a fourth assessment component, the higher level (HL) essay, a written coursework task that requires students to explore a line of inquiry in relation to a studied literary text or work. The outcome is an essay of 1,200–1,500 words in which HL students are expected to demonstrate a deeper understanding of the nature of literary study.

#### The distinction between SL and HL is summarized below:

Works read	SL	HL
Works in translation written	Study of a minimum of	Study of a minimum of four
by	three works	works
authors on the Prescribed		
reading list		
Works originally written	Study of a minimum of four	Study of a minimum of five
in the language studied,	works	works
by authors on the		
Prescribed reading list		
Free choice works	Study of two works freely	Study of four works freely
	chosen	chosen
Total works studied	9	13

Language A: literature guide

External assessment	SL	HL
Paper 1: Guided literary analysis	A guided analysis of a previously unseen literary extract or text from a choice of two	Two guided analyses of previously unseen literary extracts or texts
HL essay		An essay of 1,200–1,500 words exploring a line of inquiry in connection with a studied literary text or work

## **III COURSE AIMS:**

- 1. engage with a range of texts, in a variety of media and forms, from different periods, styles, and cultures
- 2. develop skills in listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing, presenting and performing
- 3. develop skills in interpretation, analysis and evaluation
- 4. develop sensitivity to the formal and aesthetic qualities of texts and an appreciation of how they contribute to diverse responses and open up multiple meanings
- 5. develop an understanding of relationships between texts and a variety of perspectives, cultural contexts, and local and global issues, and an appreciation of how they contribute to diverse responses and open up multiple meanings
- 6. develop an understanding of the relationships between studies in language and literature and other disciplines
- 7. communicate and collaborate in a confident and creative way
- 8. foster a lifelong interest in and enjoyment of language and literature.

## IV COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Know, understand and interpret:
  - a range of texts, works and/or performances, and their meanings and implications
  - contexts in which texts are written and/or received
  - elements of literary, stylistic, rhetorical, visual and/or performance craft
  - features of particular text types and literary forms.
- 2. Analyse and evaluate:
  - ways in which the use of language creates meaning
  - uses and effects of literary, stylistic, rhetorical, visual or theatrical techniques
  - relationships among different texts
  - ways in which texts may offer perspectives on human concerns.
- 3. Communicate
  - ideas in clear, logical and persuasive ways
  - in a range of styles, registers and for a variety of purposes and situations

(for literature and performance only) ideas, emotion, character and atmosphere through performance

## V COURSE OVERVIEW

## 1. Areas of exploration with prescribed hours

The study of Language A: Literature is divided into three areas of exploration—the exploration of the nature of the interactions between **readers**, **writers and texts**; the exploration of how texts interact with **time and space**; and the exploration of **intertextuality** and how texts connect with each other. Although these three areas seem to offer an ordered approach to progression through the course, they are inherently overlapping.

Syllabus component		Teaching hours	
	SL	HL	
Readers, writers and texts	50	80	
Works are chosen from a variety of literary forms. The study of			
the works could focus on the relationships between literary texts,			
readers and writers as well as the nature of literature and its			
study. This study includes the investigation of the response of			
readers and the ways in which literary texts generate meaning.			
The focus is on the development of personal and critical			
responses to the particulars of literary texts.			
Time and space	50	80	
Works are chosen to reflect a range of historical and/or cultural			
perspectives. Their study focuses on the contexts of literary texts			
and the variety of ways literary texts might both reflect and			
shape society at large. The focus is on the consideration of			
personal and cultural perspectives, the development of broader			
perspectives, and an awareness of the ways in which context is			
tied to meaning.			
Intertextuality: Connecting texts	50	80	
Works are chosen so as to provide students with an opportunity			
to extend their study and make fruitful comparisons. Their study			
focuses on intertextual relationships between literary texts with			
possibilities to explore various topics, thematic concerns, generic			
conventions, literary forms or literary traditions that have been			
introduced throughout the course. The focus is on the			
development of critical response grounded in an understanding			
of the complex relationships among literary texts.			
Total teaching hours		240	

The number of hours indicated for each area of exploration is neither prescriptive nor restrictive as there is likely to be a great deal of overlapping across the areas in the study of a text.

## VI COURSE REQUIREMENTS

## 1. TEXTS TO STUDY

At standard level (SL), at least 9 works must be studied across the three areas of exploration while at higher level (HL), at least 13 works must be studied.

## SL students must study at least nine works of which:

- a minimum of four must be written originally in the language studied, by authors on the *Prescribed reading list*
- a minimum of three must be works in translation written by authors on the *Prescribed reading list*: two can be chosen freely—from the *Prescribed reading list* or elsewhere—and may be in translation.

## HL students must study at least 13 works of which:

- a minimum of five must be written originally in the language studied, by authors on the *Prescribed reading list*
- a minimum of four must be works in translation written by authors on the *Prescribed reading list:* four can be chosen freely—from the *Prescribed reading list* or elsewhere—and may be in translation.

## 2. THE LEARNER PORTFOLIO

A/ The learner portfolio is a central element of the language A: literature course and is mandatory for all students. It is an individual collection of student work compiled during the two years of the course.

B/ The work carried out for the learner portfolio forms the basis of preparation for the assessment. It is a fundamental element of the course, providing evidence of the student's work and a reflection of his or her preparation for the assessment components.

C/ The learner portfolio is a place for a student to explore and reflect on literary texts, as well as establish connections between them and with the areas of exploration and the central concepts in the subject. In the learner portfolio, students will be expected to reflect on their responses to the works being studied in the corresponding area of exploration. They will also be expected to establish connections between these works and previous ones they have read, and between their perspectives and values as readers and those of their peers.

# VIII 7 Concepts and their functions

1. Concepts are vital in studies in language A literature course since they help organize and guide the study of works across the three areas of exploration.

- 2. The concepts interact with the three areas of exploration in numerous ways and contribute a sense of continuity in the transition from one area to the next.
- 3. They also facilitate the process of establishing connections between texts, making it easier for students to identify different ways in which the works they study relate to one another.

# Seven Concepts: 1. Identity

Multiplicity of perspectives, voices and characters are to some extent representative of the writer's identity. The relationship between an author and the different perspectives and voices they assume when they write is frequently complex, and this makes the concept of identity an elusive one. Conversely, the ways in which the identity of a reader comes into play at the moment of reading a text are equally central to the analysis of the act of reading and interpretation.

## 2. Culture

raises the question of how a text relates to the context of its production and reception, and to the respective values, beliefs and attitudes prevalent in them, plays an important role with regard to the relationship that is established between an individual text and the writing tradition preceding it.

## 3. Creativity

plays an important part in the experience of reading and writing, highlights the importance of the reader being able to engage in an imaginative interaction with a text

## 4. Communication

revolves around the question of the relationship that is established between a writer and a reader by means of a text, is concerned with the extent to which writers facilitate communication through their choices of style and structure

## 5. Perspective

Text may offer a multiplicity of perspectives which may, or may not, reflect the views of its author. Readers have also their own perspectives, which they bring to their interaction with the text. This variety of perspectives impacts on the interpretation of a text and, therefore, deserves critical attention and discussion.

## 6. Transformation

The study of the connections among texts constitutes the focus of one of the three areas of exploration, namely intertextuality: connecting texts. The complex ways in which texts refer to one another, appropriate elements from each other and transform them to suit a different aesthetic or communicative purpose are evidence of the importance of transformation in the process of creating a text.

# 7. Representation

The concept is a central one to the subject in connection with the way in which form and structure interact with, and relate to, meaning.

# IX Assessment components and their weighing

# SL:

Assessment component	Weighting
External assessment (3 hours)	
Paper 1: Guided literary analysis (1 hour 15 minutes)	35%
The paper consists of two passages from two different literary forms, each accompanied by a question. Students choose one passage and write an analysis of it. (20 marks)	
Paper 2 Comparative essay (1 hour 45 minutes)	35%
The paper consists of four general questions. In response to one question, students write a comparative essay based on two works studied in the course. (30 marks)	
Internal assessment	30%
This component consists of an individual oral that is internally assessed by the teacher and externally moderated by the IB at the end of the course.	
Individual oral (15 minutes)	
Supported by an extract from one work written originally in the language studied and one from a work studied in translation, students will offer a prepared response of 10 minutes, followed by 5 minutes of questions by the teacher, to the following prompt:	
Examine the ways in which the global issue of your choice is presented through the content and form of two of the works that you have studied. (40 marks)	

# HL:

Assessment component	Weighting
External assessment (4 hours)	80%
Paper 1: Guided literary analysis (2 hours 15 minutes)	35%
The paper consists of two literary passages, from two different literary forms, each accompanied by a question. Students write an analysis of each of the passages. (40 marks)	
Paper 2 Comparative essay (1 hour 45 minutes)	
The paper consists of four general questions. In response to one question, students write a comparative essay based on two works studied in the course. (30 marks)	



Higher level (HL) essay	20%
Students submit an essay on one literary text or work studied during the course. (20 marks) The essay must be 1,200–1,500 words in length.	
Internal assessment	20%
This component consists of an individual oral that is internally assessed by the teacher and externally moderated by the IB at the end of the course.  Individual oral (15 minutes)	
Supported by an extract from one work written originally in the language studied and one from a work studied in translation, students will offer a prepared response of 10 minutes, followed by 5 minutes of questions by the teacher, to the following prompt:	
Examine the ways in which the global issue of your choice is presented through the content and form of two of the works that you have studied. (40 marks)	

# 1. External assessment criteria—SL

# Paper 1: Guided literary analysis

## There are four assessment criteria at SL.

Criterion A	Understanding and interpretation	5 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	5 marks
Criterion C	Focus and organization	5 marks
Criterion D	Language	5 marks
Total		20 marks

# Criterion A: Understanding and interpretation

- How well does the candidate demonstrate an understanding of the text and draw reasoned conclusions from implications in it?
- How well are ideas supported by references to the text?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The response demonstrates little understanding of the literal meaning of the text. References to the text are infrequent or are rarely appropriate.
2	The response demonstrates some understanding of the literal meaning of the text. References to the text are at times appropriate.
3	The response demonstrates an understanding of the literal meaning of the text. There is a satisfactory interpretation of some implications of the text.
	References to the text are generally relevant and mostly support the candidate's ideas.

4	The response demonstrates a thorough understanding of the literal meaning of the text. There is a convincing interpretation of many implications of the text.  References to the text are relevant and support the candidate's ideas.
5	The response demonstrates a thorough and perceptive understanding of the literal meaning of the text. There is a convincing and insightful interpretation of larger implications and subtleties of the text.  References to the text are well chosen and effectively support the candidate's ideas.

• To what extent does the candidate analyse and evaluate how textual features and/or authorial choices shape meaning?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The response is descriptive and/or demonstrates little relevant analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices.
2	The response demonstrates some appropriate analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices, but is reliant on description.
3	The response demonstrates a generally appropriate analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices.
4	The response demonstrates an appropriate and at times insightful analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices. There is a good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.
5	The response demonstrates an insightful and convincing analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices. There is a very good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.

# Criterion C: Focus and organization

•How well organized, coherent and focused is the presentation of ideas?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Little organization is apparent in the presentation of ideas. No discernible focus is apparent in the analysis.
2	Some organization is apparent in the presentation of ideas. There is little focus in the analysis.
3	The presentation of ideas is adequately organized in a generally coherent manner. There is some focus in the analysis.
4	The presentation of ideas is well organized and mostly coherent. The analysis is adequately focused.
5	The presentation of ideas is effectively organized and coherent. The analysis is well focused.

## Criterion D: Language

- How clear, varied and accurate is the language?
- How appropriate is the choice of register and style? ("Register" refers, in this context, to the candidate's use of elements such as vocabulary, tone, sentence structure and terminology appropriate to the analysis.)

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Language is rarely clear and appropriate; there are many errors in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction and little sense of register and style.
2	Language is sometimes clear and carefully chosen; grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction are fairly accurate, although errors and inconsistencies are apparent; the register and style are to some extent appropriate to the task.
3	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with an adequate degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction despite some lapses; register and style are mostly appropriate to the task.
4	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with a good degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are consistently appropriate to the task.
5	Language is very clear, effective, carefully chosen and precise, with a high degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are effective and appropriate to the task.

## Paper 2: Comparative essay

## There are four assessment criteria at SL.

Criterion A	Knowledge, understanding and interpretation	10 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	10 marks
Criterion C	Focus and organization	5 marks
Criterion D	Language	5 marks
Total 30 ma		30 marks

## Criterion A: Knowledge, understanding and interpretation

- How much knowledge and understanding of the works does the candidate demonstrate?
- To what extent does the candidate make use of knowledge and understanding of the works to draw conclusions about their similarities and differences in relation to the question?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.

1–2	There is little knowledge and understanding of the works in relation to the question answered.
	There is little meaningful comparison and contrast of the works used in relation to the question.
3–4	There is some knowledge and understanding of the works in relation to the question answered.
	There is a superficial attempt to compare and contrast the works used in relation to the question.
5–6	There is satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the works and an interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.
	The essay offers a satisfactory interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.
7–8	There is good knowledge and understanding of the works and a sustained interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.
	The essay offers a convincing interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.
9–10	There is perceptive knowledge and understanding of the works and a persuasive interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.
	The essay offers an insightful interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.

- To what extent does the candidate analyse and evaluate how the choices of language, technique and style, and/or broader authorial choices, shape meaning?
- How effectively does the candidate use analysis and evaluation skills to compare and contrast both works?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	The essay is descriptive and/or demonstrates little relevant analysis of textual features and/or the broader authorial choices.
3–4	The essay demonstrates some appropriate analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices, but is reliant on description.
Marks	Level descriptor
	There is a superficial comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.
5–6	The essay demonstrates a generally appropriate analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices.
	There is an adequate comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.
7–8	The essay demonstrates an appropriate and at times insightful analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices. There is a good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.

	There is a good comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.
9–10	The essay demonstrates a consistently insightful and convincing analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices. There is a very good evaluation of how such features and/or choices contribute to meaning.
	There is a very good comparison and contrast of the author' choices in the works selected.

# Criterion C: Focus and organization

•How well structured, balanced and focused is the presentation of ideas?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The essay rarely focuses on the task. There are few connections between ideas.
2	The essay only sometimes focuses on the task, and treatment of the works may be unbalanced. There are some connections between ideas, but these are not always coherent.
3	The essay maintains a focus on the task, despite some lapses; treatment of the works is mostly balanced. The development of ideas is mostly logical; ideas are generally connected in a cohesive manner.
4	The essay maintains a mostly clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the works is balanced. The development of ideas is logical; ideas are cohesively connected.
5	The essay maintains a clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the works is well balanced. The development of ideas is logical and convincing; ideas are connected in a cogent manner.

## Criterion D: Language

- How clear, varied and accurate is the language?
- How appropriate is the choice of register and style? ("Register" refers, in this context, to the candidate's use of elements such as vocabulary, tone, sentence structure and terminology appropriate to the essay.)

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
Marks	Level descriptor
1	Language is rarely clear and appropriate; there are many errors in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction and little sense of register and style.

2	Language is sometimes clear and carefully chosen; grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction are fairly accurate, although errors and inconsistencies are apparent; the register and style are to some extent appropriate to the task.
3	Language is clear and carefully chosen with an adequate degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction despite some lapses; register and style are mostly appropriate to the task.
4	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with a good degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are consistently appropriate to the task.
5	Language is very clear, effective, carefully chosen and precise, with a high degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are effective and appropriate to the task.

## 2. External assessment criteria—HL

Assessment criteria are used to assess students for all assessment tasks. The assessment criteria are published in this guide. The assessment criteria are the same at SL and HL for all shared components. The following is an overview of the external assessment criteria at HL.

Paper 1: Guided literary analysis
There are four assessment criteria at HL, which will be applied separately to each answer.

Criterion A	Understanding and interpretation	5 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	5 marks
Criterion C	Focus and organization	5 marks
Criterion D	Language	5 marks
Total		20 marks

## Criterion A: Understanding and interpretation

- How well does the candidate demonstrate an understanding of the text and draw reasoned conclusions from implications in it?
- How well are ideas supported by references to the text?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The response demonstrates little understanding of the literal meaning of the text. References to the text are infrequent or are rarely appropriate.
2	The response demonstrates some understanding of the literal meaning of the text. References to the text are at times appropriate.

3	The response demonstrates an understanding of the literal meaning of
	the text. There is a satisfactory interpretation of some implications of the
	text.
Marks	Level descriptor
	References to the text are generally relevant and mostly support the candidate's ideas.
4	The response demonstrates a thorough understanding of the literal meaning of the text. There is a convincing interpretation of many implications of the text.
	References to the text are relevant and support the candidate's ideas.
5	The response demonstrates a thorough and perceptive understanding of the literal meaning of the text. There is a convincing and insightful interpretation of larger implications and subtleties of the text.
	References to the text are well chosen and effectively support the candidate's ideas.

• To what extent does the candidate analyse and evaluate how textual features and/or authorial choices shape meaning?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The response is descriptive and/or demonstrates little relevant analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices.
2	The response demonstrates some appropriate analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices, but is reliant on description.
3	The response demonstrates a generally appropriate analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices.
4	The response demonstrates an appropriate and at times insightful analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices. There is a good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.
5	The response demonstrates an insightful and convincing analysis of textual features and/or authorial choices. There is a very good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.

# Criterion C: Focus and organization

•How well organized, coherent and focused is the presentation of ideas?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Little organization is apparent in the presentation of ideas. No discernible focus is apparent in the analysis.
2	Some organization is apparent in the presentation of ideas. There is little focus in the analysis.
3	The presentation of ideas is adequately organized in a generally coherent manner. There is some focus in the analysis.

4	The presentation of ideas is well organized and mostly coherent. The analysis is adequately focused.
5	The presentation of ideas is effectively organized and coherent. The analysis is well focused.

## Criterion D: Language

- How clear, varied and accurate is the language?
- How appropriate is the choice of register and style? ("Register" refers, in this context, to the candidate's use of elements such as vocabulary, tone, sentence structure and terminology appropriate to the analysis.)

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Language is rarely clear and appropriate; there are many errors in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction and little sense of register and style.
2	Language is sometimes clear and carefully chosen; grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction are fairly accurate, although errors and inconsistencies are apparent; the register and style are to some extent appropriate to the task.
3	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with an adequate degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction despite some lapses; register and style are mostly appropriate to the task.
4	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with a good degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are consistently appropriate to the task.
5	Language is very clear, effective, carefully chosen and precise, with a high degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are effective and appropriate to the task.

# Paper 2: Comparative essay There are four assessment criteria at HL.

Criterion A	Knowledge, understanding and interpretation	10 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	10 marks
Criterion C	Focus and organization	5 marks
Criterion D	Language	5 marks
Total		30 marks

## Criterion A: Knowledge, understanding and interpretation

- How much knowledge and understanding of the works does the candidate show?
- To what extent does the candidate make use of knowledge and understanding of the works to draw conclusions about their similarities and differences in relation to the question?

Marks	Level descriptor	
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.	
1–2	There is little knowledge and understanding of the works in relation to the question answered.	
	There is little meaningful comparison and contrast of the works used in relation to the question.	
3–4	There is some knowledge and understanding of the works in relation to the question answered.	
Marks	Level descriptor	
	There is a superficial attempt to compare and contrast the works used in relation to the question.	
5–6	There is satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the works and an interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.	
	The essay offers a satisfactory interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.	
7–8	There is good knowledge and understanding of the works and a sustained interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.	
	The essay offers a convincing interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.	
9–10	There is perceptive knowledge and understanding of the works and a persuasive interpretation of their implications in relation to the question answered.	
	The essay offers an insightful interpretation of the similarities and differences between the works used in relation to the question.	
	unferences between the works used in relation to the question.	

- To what extent does the candidate analyse and evaluate how the choices of language, technique and style, and/or broader authorial choices, shape meaning?
- How effectively does the candidate use analysis and evaluation skills to compare and contrast both works?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	The essay is descriptive and/or demonstrates little relevant analysis of textual features and/or the broader authorial choices.
3–4	The essay demonstrates some appropriate analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices, but is reliant on description.
	There is a superficial comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.
5–6	The essay demonstrates a generally appropriate analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices.
	There is an adequate comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.

7–8	The essay demonstrates an appropriate and at times insightful analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices. There is a good evaluation of how such features and/or choices shape meaning.  There is a good comparison and contrast of the authors' choices in the works selected.
9–10	The essay demonstrates a consistently insightful and convincing analysis of textual features and/or broader authorial choices. There is a very good evaluation of how such features and/or choices contribute to meaning.  There is a very good comparison and contrast of the author' choices in the works selected.

## Criterion C: Focus and organization

•How well structured, balanced and focused is the presentation of ideas?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The essay rarely focuses on the task. There are few connections between ideas.
2	The essay only sometimes focuses on the task, and treatment of the works may be unbalanced. There are some connections between ideas, but these are not always coherent.
3	The essay maintains a focus on the task, despite some lapses; treatment of the works is mostly balanced. The development of ideas is mostly logical; ideas are generally connected in a cohesive manner.
4	The essay maintains a mostly clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the works is balanced. The development of ideas is logical; ideas are cohesively connected.
5	The essay maintains a clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the works is well balanced. The development of ideas is logical and convincing; ideas are connected in a cogent manner.

## Criterion D: Language

- How clear, varied and accurate is the language?
- How appropriate is the choice of register and style? ("Register" refers, in this context, to the candidate's use of elements such as vocabulary, tone, sentence structure and terminology appropriate to the essay.)

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Language is rarely clear and appropriate; there are many errors in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction and little sense of register and style.
2	Language is sometimes clear and carefully chosen; grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction are fairly accurate, although errors and

	inconsistencies are apparent; the register and style are to some extent appropriate to the task.
3	Language is clear and carefully chosen with an adequate degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction despite some lapses; register and style are mostly appropriate to the task.
4	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with a good degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are consistently appropriate to the task.
5	Language is very clear, effective, carefully chosen and precise, with a high degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are effective and appropriate to the task.

# Higher level essay

## There are four assessment criteria.

Criterion A	Knowledge, understanding and interpretation	5 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	5 marks
Criterion C	Focus, organization and development	5 marks
Criterion D	Language	5 marks
Total		20 marks

# Criterion A: Knowledge, understanding and interpretation

- How well does the candidate demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the work or text chosen?
- To what extent does the candidate make use of knowledge and understanding of the work or text to draw conclusions in relation to the chosen topic?
- How well are ideas supported by references to the work or text in relation to the chosen topic?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	There is little knowledge and understanding of the work or text shown through the essay in relation to the topic chosen.
	References to the work or text are infrequent or are rarely appropriate in relation to the chosen topic.
2	There is some knowledge and understanding of the work or text shown through the essay in relation to the topic chosen.
	References to the work or text are at times appropriate in relation to the chosen topic.

3	There is satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the work or text shown through the essay and an interpretation of its implications in relation to the topic chosen.
	References to the work or text are generally relevant and mostly support the candidate's ideas in relation to the chosen topic.
4	There is good knowledge and understanding of the work or text shown through the essay and a sustained interpretation of its implications in relation to the topic chosen. References to the work or text are relevant and support the candidate's ideas in relation to the chosen topic.
5	There is excellent knowledge and understanding of the work or text shown through the essay and a persuasive interpretation of their implications in relation to the chosen topic. References to the work or text are well chosen and effectively support the candidate's ideas in relation to the chosen topic.

• To what extent does the candidate analyse and evaluate how the choices of language, technique and style, and broader authorial choices shape meaning in relation to the chosen topic?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	The essay is descriptive and demonstrates little relevant analysis of textual features and the author's broader choices in relation to the chosen topic.
Marks	Level descriptor
2	The essay demonstrates some appropriate analysis of textual features and the author's broader choices in relation to the chosen topic, but is reliant on description.
3	The essay demonstrates a generally appropriate analysis and evaluation of textual features and the author's broader choices in relation to the chosen topic.
4	The essay demonstrates an appropriate and at times insightful analysis and evaluation of textual features and the author's broader choices in relation to the chosen topic.
5	The essay demonstrates a consistently insightful and convincing analysis and evaluation of textual features and the author's broader choices in relation to the chosen topic.

# Criterion C: Focus, organization and development

- How well organized, focused and developed is the presentation of ideas in the essay?
- How well are examples integrated into the essay?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Little organization is present. No discernible line of inquiry is apparent in the essay.

	Supporting examples are not integrated into the structure of the sentences and paragraphs.
2	Some organization is apparent. There is little development of a line of inquiry. Supporting examples are rarely integrated into the structure of the sentences and paragraphs.
3	The essay is adequately organized in a generally cohesive manner. There is some development of the line of inquiry.
	Supporting examples are sometimes integrated into the structure of the sentences and paragraphs.
4	The essay is well organized and mostly cohesive. The line of inquiry is adequately developed.
	Supporting examples are mostly well integrated into the structure of the sentences and paragraphs.
5	The essay is effectively organized and cohesive. The line of inquiry is well developed. Supporting examples are well integrated into the structure of the sentences and paragraphs.

# Criterion D: Language

- How clear, varied and accurate is the language?
- How appropriate is the choice of register and style? ("Register" refers, in this context, to the candidate's use of elements such as vocabulary, tone, sentence structure and terminology appropriate to the HL essay.)

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1	Language is rarely clear and appropriate; there are many errors in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction and little sense of register and style.

Marks	Level descriptor
2	Language is sometimes clear and carefully chosen; grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction are fairly accurate, although errors and inconsistencies are apparent; the register and style are to some extent appropriate to the task.
3	Language is clear and carefully chosen with an adequate degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction despite some lapses; register and style are mostly appropriate to the task.
4	Language is clear and carefully chosen, with a good degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are consistently appropriate to the task.
5	Language is very clear, effective, carefully chosen and precise, with a high degree of accuracy in grammar, vocabulary and sentence construction; register and style are effective and appropriate to the task.

## 3. Internal assessment details—SL/HL

## **Individual oral**

Duration: 15 minutes. (10 minutes: student delivery of the oral; 5 minutes: teacher

questions) Weighting: 30% for SL, 20% for HL

## The nature of the task

The individual oral addresses the following prompt:

Examine the ways in which the global issue of your choice is presented through the content and form of two of the works that you have studied.

## Explanation of the task

The individual oral is based on the exploration the student has carried out in the learner portfolio. During this exploration process, the student will have investigated a series of works and a variety of global issues. In the lead-up to the individual oral, the student needs to make a decision about which global issue and which works will be explored in the task. Two works must be selected: one of them must be a text written originally in the language A studied and the other one must be a work in translation. An extract of no more than 40 lines should be selected from each work, which is representative of the presence of the global issue in it. In forms where the number of lines may not be applicable, teachers should be guided by the volume of text that can be discussed in sufficient depth in the time available.

## Selection of works and extracts

The works selected must have a clear connection with the global issue. The individual oral should be a well-supported argument about the ways in which the works represent and explore the global issue. Students must select two extracts, one from each work, that clearly show significant moments when this global issue is being focused on.

## Determining the global issue

A global issue incorporates the following three properties.

- It has significance on a wide/large scale.
- It is transnational.
- Its impact is felt in everyday local contexts.

# Fields of enquiry that lead to Global Issues:

## Culture, identity and community

Students might focus on the way in which works explore aspects of family, class, race, ethnicity, nationality, religion, gender and sexuality, and the way these impact on individuals and societies. They might also focus on issues concerning migration, colonialism and nationalism.

#### Beliefs, values and education

Students might focus on the way in which works explore the beliefs and values nurtured in particular societies and the ways they shape individuals, communities and educational

systems. They might also explore the tensions that arise when there are conflicts of beliefs and values, and ethics.

## Politics, power and justice

Students might focus on the ways in which works explore aspects of rights and responsibilities, the workings and structures of governments and institutions. They might also investigate hierarchies of power, the distribution of wealth and resources, the limits of justice and the law, equality and inequality, human rights, and peace and conflict.

#### Art, creativity and the imagination

Students might focus on the ways in which works explore aspects of aesthetic inspiration, creation, craft, and beauty. They might also focus on the shaping and challenging of perceptions through art, and the function, value and effects of art in society.

## Science, technology and the environment

Students might focus on the ways in which works explore the relationship between humans and the environment and the implications of technology and media for society. They might also consider the idea of scientific development and progress.

## The learner portfolio and the individual oral

The learner portfolio is **not** specifically assessed but it is an important place for students to explore and reflect upon their works in relation to global issues.

In relation to the preparation of the individual oral, the learner portfolio provides an opportunity for students to:

- keep an ongoing record of the different global issues that could be related to each of the works they read
- explore links that could be established between different works on the basis of common global issues they address
- explore how key passages in the works they have studied represent different or similar perspectives on one global issue through both form and content
- trace the evolution of their thinking and planning in connection with the global issue and how its cultural value, its definition and application to the works they read have changed through their inquiry
- reflect on the challenges that the internal assessment poses for them as individual learners.

#### Internal assessment criteria

#### There are four assessment criteria.

Criterion A	Knowledge, understanding and interpretation	10 marks
Criterion B	Analysis and evaluation	10 marks
Criterion C	Focus and organization	10 marks
Criterion D	Language	10 marks
Total		40 marks

## Criterion A: Knowledge, understanding and interpretation

- How well does the candidate demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the extracts, and of the works/texts from which they were taken?
- To what extent does the candidate make use of knowledge and understanding of the extracts and the works/texts to draw conclusions in relation to the global issue?
- How well are ideas supported by references to the extracts, and to the works/texts?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	There is little knowledge and understanding of the extracts and the works/texts in relation to the global issue.
	References to the extracts and to the works/texts are infrequent or are rarely appropriate.
3–4	There is some knowledge and understanding of the extracts and the works/texts in relation to the global issue.
	References to the extracts and to the works/texts are at times appropriate.
5–6	There is satisfactory knowledge and understanding of the extracts and the works/texts and an interpretation of their implications in relation to the global issue.
	References to the extracts and to the works/texts are generally relevant and mostly support the candidate's ideas.
7–8	There is good knowledge and understanding of the extracts and the works/texts and a sustained interpretation of their implications in relation to the global issue.
	References to the extracts and to the works/texts are relevant and support the candidate's ideas.
9–10	There is excellent knowledge and understanding of the extracts and of the works/texts and a persuasive interpretation of their implications in relation to the global issue.
	References to the extracts and to the works/texts are well chosen and effectively support the candidate's ideas.

## **Criterion B: Analysis and evaluation**

• How well does the candidate use his or her knowledge and understanding of each of the extracts and their associated works/texts to analyse and evaluate the ways in which authorial choices present the global issue?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	The oral is descriptive or contains no relevant analysis.
	Authorial choices are seldom identified and, if so, are poorly understood in relation to the presentation of the global issue.
3–4	The oral contains some relevant analysis, but it is reliant on description.
	Authorial choices are identified, but are vaguely treated and/or only partially understood in relation to the presentation of the global issue.

5–6	The oral is analytical in nature, and evaluation of the extracts and their works/texts is mostly relevant.
	Authorial choices are identified and reasonably understood in relation to the presentation of the global issue.
7–8	Analysis and evaluation of the extracts and their works/texts are relevant and at times insightful.
	There is a good understanding of how authorial choices are used to present the global issue.
9–10	Analysis and evaluation of the extracts and their works/texts are relevant and insightful. There is a thorough and nuanced understanding of how authorial choices are used to present the global issue.

# **Criterion C: Focus and organization**

- How well does the candidate deliver a structured, well-balanced and focused oral?
- How well does the candidate connect ideas in a cohesive manner?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	The oral rarely focuses on the task. There are few connections between ideas.
3–4	The oral only sometimes focuses on the task, and treatment of the extracts, and of the works/texts may be unbalanced.
	There are some connections between ideas, but these are not always coherent.
5–6	The oral maintains a focus on the task, despite some lapses; treatment of the extracts and works/texts is mostly balanced.
	The development of ideas is mostly logical; ideas are generally connected in a cohesive manner.
7–8	The oral maintains a mostly clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the extracts and works/texts is balanced.
	The development of ideas is logical; ideas are cohesively connected in an effective manner.
9–10	The oral maintains a clear and sustained focus on the task; treatment of the extracts and works/texts is well balanced.
	The development of ideas is logical and convincing; ideas are connected
	in a cogent manner.

# **Criterion D: Language**

•How clear, accurate and effective is the language?

Marks	Level descriptor
0	The work does not reach a standard described by the descriptors below.
1–2	The language is rarely clear or accurate; errors often hinder communication. Vocabulary and syntax are imprecise and frequently inaccurate.
	Elements of style (for example, register, tone and rhetorical devices) are inappropriate to the task and detract from the oral.

3–4	The language is generally clear; errors sometimes hinder communication. Vocabulary and syntax are often imprecise with inaccuracies.
	Elements of style (for example, register, tone and rhetorical devices) are often inappropriate to the task and detract from the oral.
5–6	The language is clear; errors do not hinder communication. Vocabulary and syntax are appropriate to the task but simple and repetitive.
	Elements of style (for example, register, tone and rhetorical devices) are appropriate to the task and neither enhance nor detract from the oral.
7–8	The language is clear and accurate; occasional errors do not hinder communication. Vocabulary and syntax are appropriate and varied.
	Elements of style (for example, register, tone and rhetorical devices) are appropriate to the task and somewhat enhance the oral.
9–10	The language is clear, accurate and varied; occasional errors do not hinder communication. Vocabulary and syntax are varied and create effect.
	Elements of style (for example, register, tone and rhetorical devices) are appropriate to the task and enhance the oral.

## X Academic honesty

All coursework—including work submitted for assessment—is to be authentic, based on the student's individual and original ideas with the ideas and work of others fully acknowledged. Assessment tasks that require teachers to provide guidance to students or that require students to work collaboratively must be completed in full compliance with the detailed guidelines provided by the IB for the relevant subjects.

# X IB publications for reference:

- 1. Prescribed reading list
- 2. General regulations: Diploma Programme (see article 8.2).
- 3Assessment principles and practices—Quality assessments in a digital age
- 4. Academic honesty in the Diploma Programme
- 4. Candidates with assessment access requirements